

## Modern Music Making

Лексический материал по теме «Современная музыка».

Развитие навыков аудирования и чтения

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### Результат

Работа с лексическим материалом (слова и словосочетания по теме «Музыка»), развитие навыков аудирования и чтения



### Запомни. Важно

Работу над любым текстом необходимо начинать с чтения и анализа заголовка, рассмотрения иллюстраций, знакомства с необходимыми лексическими единицами, которые помогут спрогнозировать основное содержание текста.



### Обрати внимание

Study the vocabulary.

amateur	любитель, непрофессионал
armed	вооруженный
artificially	искусственно
band	группа
compose	сочинять
creativity	творческие способности
development	развитие
distortion	искажение
distribute	распространять
empower	давать возможность
generated	полученный в результате, сгенерированный
hum	напевать
mix	микшировать, соединять, смешивать
triumph	триумф, торжество



### Сделай сам

Match the words to their meanings.

1) armed	a) likelihood of something happening
2) artificially generated	b) a number of similar or related things one after the other
3) chances	c) not naturally produced
4) compose	d) a relatively sudden and absolutely drastic change
5) creativity	e) having a lot of strength power, etc.
6) distribute	f) making one more confident and stronger
7) empowering	g) to create music
8) powerful	h) to supply something to people
9) revolution	i) provided himself with a weapon
10) series	j) the ability to produce original or unusual ideas



### Разбираем вместе

Ex. 2, p. 134 Read the text and decide if the following sentences (1—6) are true (T), false (F) or whether the text doesn't say (DS).

1) Most music is made in a recording studio. — F (“Anyone can make music these days thanks to music software.”).

2) Sequencer programs are the most popular type of music software. — DS (“One piece of music software you can use is a sequencer program. This is a useful tool.” — we do not know whether it is popular or not.).

3) Computers use MIDI technology to play music. — T (“Using MIDI technology the computer plays it (music).”).

4) Notation software involves writing musical notes. — T (“Rather than putting sounds together to make music, this allows a more experienced musician to write the musical notes on the computer and play it back immediately as music with whatever instrument they choose.”).

5) Mobile phones can record sounds from the real world. — T (By using sound recording software, you can record various sounds (such as a police siren or a train speeding past) while you are out and about with an MP3 recorder or your mobile.).

6) Music software is only for professional musicians. — F (“Music software allows amateur and professional musicians alike to explore ways of combining, looping and electronically processing sounds to create a unique piece of music.”).



## Сделай сам

1. Choose the suitable words.

- 1) She is a **professional** / **amateur** singer. She is famous all over the world.
- 2) I like to **hum** / **compose** my favourite tune when I'm cooking.
- 3) A sequencer program is a music **software** / **hardware**.
- 4) This **tune** / **band** is rather catchy.
- 5) She is not a(n) **fan** / **amateur** of the heavy metal music.

2. Find synonyms in the text for the following phrases:

- 1 — test fresh thoughts \_\_\_\_\_
- 2 — try different ways of organizing something \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 — take to the next level \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 — while you are moving \_\_\_\_\_

Use these phrases to make your own sentences.

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3. Portfolio: Who's your favourite music producer / composer? Write a short article about them.

Include:

- where / when they were born
- type of music
- some of their works