

## Модальные глаголы. Modal verbs.

Учебник: «Английский язык. Rainbow English. 10 класс», авт. О. В. Афанасьева, И. В. Михеева, К. М. Баранова. Unit 4, Step 6, с. 183—184.



### Результат

Ты вспомнишь особенности употребления модальных глаголов.

Ты научишься различать случаи употребления модальных глаголов и их эквивалентов, опираясь на их семантику.



### Запомни. Важно

В английском языке существуют так называемые модальные глаголы — *can*, *must*, *may*, *should*, которые имеют следующие значения:

**can** — способность или возможность сделать что-либо

**may/might** — просьба о разрешении, разрешение или отказ

**must** — долженствование

**mustn't** — категорический запрет

**should** — совет, вежливое наставление

Модальные глаголы имеют свои немодальные эквиваленты, которые позволяют нам говорить не только о настоящем, но также о прошлом и будущем:

can = to be able to do something

may = to be allowed to do something

must = to have to do something

Модальные глаголы и их эквиваленты не всегда взаимозаменяемы:

а) глаголы *must* и *have (to)* имеют определённые смысловые различия;

б) глагол *could* не используется, если речь идёт не о регулярном действии, а о конкретном событии.



### Обрати внимание

Эквивалент модального глагола *must* — *to have to do something*, требует вспомогательного глагола в отрицательных и вопросительных предложениях:

*Why does Jack have to do all this work alone?*

*I hope you won't have to repeat it twice.*



## Разбираем вместе

Choose the appropriate verbs to complete the sentences.

- 1) I haven't got this data today but I **will be able to** tell you tomorrow
  - речь идет о будущем
- 2) Yesterday we **were allowed to** come home later than usual.
  - речь идет о прошлом
- 2) Charles was happy as he **was able to** get a ticket to an interesting football match.
  - речь идет о конкретном событии
- 4) I think you **should** eat more vegetables: they are good for everyone.
  - высказывается совет, вежливое наставление
- 5) My little brother is only five, but he can read fairly well.
  - речь идет о способности, возможности что-то сделать
- 6) You **mustn't** smoke on the plane, sir! It is against the rules.
  - в данном случае высказывается запрет
- 7) I **had to** take an umbrella as it was pouring with rain.
  - речь идет о прошлом
- 8) Last year they **had to** spend more time in the gym training for the competition.
  - речь идет о прошлом
- 9) Sam was terribly late, but he **was able to** catch his train at the very last moment.
  - речь идет о конкретном событии
- 10) We knew he **could** do something silly but hoped that he wouldn't.
  - речь идет способности, регулярном событии



## Сделай сам

1. Внимательно прочитай рубрику Grammar на с. 183 учебника.

2. Выполни упр. 10 на с. 184 учебника.

Choose the appropriate verb forms from the box to complete the sentences.

*were not able, may, were able, must, mustn't, had, are allowed, should, had to, could*

- 1) In those days he \_\_\_\_\_ to work hard to support his wife and three children.
- 2) They \_\_\_\_\_ to play the game with the others because they didn't know its rules.
- 3) Everyone \_\_\_\_\_ try and do something to improve the ecological situation.
- 4) James \_\_\_\_\_ use my car while his car is being fixed.
- 5) At last they \_\_\_\_\_ to collect their luggage and left the airport.
- 6) Passengers \_\_\_\_\_ leave their seats while the plane is taking off or landing.
- 7) Only when the plane comes to a full stop, passengers \_\_\_\_\_ to leave their seats.
- 8) My parents believe that I \_\_\_\_\_ think about a career in engineering.
- 9) They had so much luggage that they \_\_\_\_\_ take a trolley.
- 10) That day everyone \_\_\_\_\_ visit the city museums free.

3. Выполни упр. 7 на с. 94 в рабочей тетради.

Paraphrase these sentences using the appropriate equivalents of the modal verbs from the box.

*Do I have to, has to, will have to, are not allowed to (2), are allowed\_ (2), was able to, is able to, are not able to*

**Example:** 1. You may set out on your voyage only next week. You are allowed to set out on your voyage only next week.

2. Rebecca must slip into the office unnoticed and make copies of all the documents.
3. Though the child is rather young he can divide numbers by two and by three.
4. You must tie your horse to the tree if you don't want to lose it.
5. You may not eat these sandwiches. They are not fresh enough and you may get sick.
6. Even in his childhood Albert could set down all the things dictated to him practically without mistakes.
7. You must spend more time with your sick granny.
8. They can't recall the details of their unexpected meeting with Mr Ross.
9. You may phone me in the evening about nine o'clock.
10. Must I come to your office right now?